



FRONTMAN CONSULTANTS MINISTRY OF WATER SANITATION AND IRRIGATION KENYA WATER SECURITY CLIMATE RESILIENCE PROJECT Mwache Multipurpose Dam Project

Resettlement Action Plan Implementation

LIVELIHOOD RESTORATION PLAN

In order to mitigate and manage risks arising from resettlement and loss of assets, a livelihood restoration strategy has been integrated into this RAP. This entails development of consultative and tailor-made individual livelihood restoration plans, which is a pre-requisite for payment of compensation. This process has commenced with collection of livelihood information from PAPs using community engagement tool. This information will be analyzed and triangulated to come up with individual household plan that outlines outcomes, indicators and activities for PAHs. The Social Workers will continue to visit PAHs to validate these plans and monitor their execution.

The above plans will be followed by mandatory training aimed at ensuring that PAPs utilize compensation resources in a prudent way. The mandatory trainings are also a pre-requisite for compensation. These include the following:

- 1. Financial training for the sustainable use cash compensation that will include household level financial planning, maintenance of a bank account, household investments and saving strategies.
- 2. Business skills training for alternative income generating activities
- 3. Establishment of businesses and other income generating activities from the compensation money after resettlement.
- 4. Psychosocial support will be provided in conjunction with the County Social Development Officers (CSDO). This will involve counseling and linkages to existing welfare support programs under the CSDO's office.

WHAT ARE THE LIVELIHOOD OPTIONS AVAILABLE FOR PAHS?

Whereas livelihoods will be tailored to respond to individualized household needs and priorities, the following options are available:

- 1. Support in agriculture and livestock production (including host communities)
- 2. Training in alternative income generating activities.
- 3. Support with the process of relocation (transport, land registration etc)
- 4. Care and support for people with special needs

WHAT LIVELIHOOD OPTIONS ARE AVAILABLE AFTER RESETTLEMENT?

- 1. A community livelihood strategy will be developed together with PAHs and host communities in which key development priorities will be identified in agriculture, livestock etc.
- 2. The RAP has set aside a tentative budget for the above activities. This budget will be accessed based on a competitive procurement process.

WHAT TYPES OF SUPPORT ARE AVAILABLE FOR VULNERABLE AND MARGINALIZED GROUPS?

This RAP has also given attention to people with special needs (including widows, orphaned children, elderly, people living with disabilities etc) and has put measures in place to mitigate risks associated with relocation and resettlement. These measures include the following:

- 1. Identification, registration and assessment of their specific needs.
- 2. Assistance during the process of relocation and resettlement: identification of land, issuance of land registration documents, adequate notice to relocate, support with house building etc.
- 3. Follow-up orphans to ensure they register in new schools and linking them up with existing community safety nets.
- 4. Ensuring that those living with HIV, as well as people with disabilities are linked with existing services in the host communities
- 5. Supporting linkages with social protection services (NHIF, cash transfers for the elderly, cash transfers for PWD etc).
- 6. Assistance with re-establishing new social networks and safety nets (through Mosques, Churches, community groups etc) in the host communities.